TRIDONIC

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Driver LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE

PREMIUM series

Product description

- Dimmable 24 V constant voltage LED Driver for flexible constant voltage strips
- One4all interface and ready2mains enable different dimming options
- Dimming range 1 to 100 %
- No additional external dimmer is needed
- Suitable for emergency escape lighting systems acc. to EN 50172
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Typical application

• Cove lighting, facade accent lighting, ceiling integration

Technical details

- 24 V, 35 W
- Small design (195 x 43 x 30.2 mm) with streched-compact strain relief
- Small cross section
- Push terminal for simple wiring
- 1 output channel (+/-)

Interfaces

- one4all (DALI DT 6, DSI, switchDIM, corridorFUNCTION)
- ready2mains (configuration and dimming via mains)
- Terminal blocks: 45° push terminals

System solution

- Tridonic LLE-FLEX ADV 600, 1,200, 1,800 lm/m
- Tridonic LLE-FLEX EXC 600, 1,200, 1,800, 2,500 lm/m
- In connection with Flex accessories wire to PCB plug



Standards, page 3











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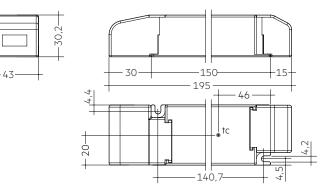
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Driver LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE

PREMIUM series

Technical data

AC voltage range198 – 264 VDC voltage range176 – 280 VMains frequency0 / 50 / 60 HzTyp. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)® $<$ 320 µAMax. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz / full load)®0.98Typ. power input on stand-by®< 0.2 WTyp. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®< 0.6 sTime to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®< 0.6 sTime to light (DC mode)< 0.3 sSwitchover time (AC/DC)< 0.3 sOutput Voltage tolerance± 1 VOutput Voltage tolerance± 1 VOutput UF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)± 5 %Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)60 VPWM frequency~ 1 kHzDimming range1 – 100 %Mains surge capability (between L – N)1 kVDimensions L x W x H195 x 43 x 30.2 mm	Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
Mains frequency $0 / 50 / 60 \text{ Hz}$ Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] 176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] $320 \mu A$ Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] 0.98Typ. power input on stand-by [®] $0.2 W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] 0.98 Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] $0.6 s$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] $0.6 s$ Time to light (DC mode) $0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $0.3 s$ Output Voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output LF voltage ripple (<120 Hz)	AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)176 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 320 \mu A$ Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by $< 0.2 W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.4 r ms$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 3 ms$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)37 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 320 \ \mu A$ Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by $< 0.2 W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation21.6 A / 136 μ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.4 \ s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 \ s$ Switchover time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 3 \ ms$ Output Voltage tolerance $\pm 1 \ V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 320 μ AMax. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by< 0.2 W	Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®	176 mA
Max. input power40 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by0.98Typ. power input on stand-by< 0.2 W	Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 15 % dimming level)	37 mA
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)89 % λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by0.98Typ. power input on stand-by26.5 mATyp. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation178 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 67 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.6 s$ Time to light (DC mode) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	< 320 µA
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.98Typ. power input on stand-by0.98Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation178 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.6 s$ Time to light (DC mode) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Max. input power	40 W
Typ. power input on stand-byInterventionTyp. power input on stand-by $< 0.2 W$ Typ. input current in no-load operation 26.5 mA Typ. input power in no-load operation $1.78 W$ In-rush current (peak / duration) $21.6 \text{ A} / 136 \mu \text{s}$ THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.6 \text{ s}$ Time to light (DC mode) $< 0.3 \text{ s}$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 \text{ s}$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)	89 %
Typ. input current in no-load operation26.5 mATyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 μ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 67 %	λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®	0.98
Typ. input current in the load operationLike weightTyp. input power in no-load operation1.78 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)21.6 A / 136 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 6.7 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 0.6 s$ Time to light (DC mode) $< 0.3 s$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.3 s$ Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 3 ms$ Output voltage tolerance $\pm 1 V$ Output voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)		< 0.2 W
Type input power in the fold operation In-rush current (peak / duration) 21.6 A / 136 µs THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] < 6.7 %	Typ. input current in no-load operation	26.5 mA
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] < 6.7 %	Typ. input power in no-load operation $^{\oslash}$	1.78 W
Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®] < 0.6 s	In-rush current (peak / duration)	21.6 A / 136 µs
Time to light (DC mode) < 0.3 s	THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	< 6.7 %
Switchover time (AC/DC) < 0.3 s	Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	< 0.6 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) < 3 ms	Time to light (DC mode)	< 0.3 s
Output voltage tolerance ± 1 V Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Switchover time (AC/DC)	< 0.3 s
Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 3 ms
Max. output voltage (no-load voltage) 60 V PWM frequency ~ 1 kHz Dimming range 1 – 100 % Mains surge capability (between L – N) 1 kV Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE) 2 kV	Output voltage tolerance	± 1 V
PWM frequency ~ 1 kHz Dimming range 1 - 100 % Mains surge capability (between L - N) 1 kV Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE) 2 kV	Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Dimming range 1 - 100 % Mains surge capability (between L - N) 1 kV Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE) 2 kV	Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)	60 V
Mains surge capability (between L – N) 1 kV Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE) 2 kV	PWM frequency	~ 1 kHz
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE) 2 kV	Dimming range	1 – 100 %
	Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Dimensions L x W x H 195 x 43 x 30.2 mm	Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
	Dimensions L x W x H	195 x 43 x 30.2 mm



Ordering data

Туре	Article number		Packaging pallet	Weight per pc.	
Multi packaging					
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	28001662	10 pc(s).	390 pc(s).	0.157 kg	
Single packaging					
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE SP	28001920	10 pc(s).	480 pc(s).	0.157 kg	
The strain relief is included in both package	aging variants.				

In the single packaging each Driver has also an individual packaging.

Specific technical data

Туре	Load	Forward voltage	Output current	Max. output power (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. power consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Max. casing temperature tc	Ambient temperature ta max.
	10 %	24 V	0.146 A	3.5 W	5.9 W	41 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	20 %	24 V	0.292 A	7.0 W	9.6 W	57 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	30 %	24 V	0.437 A	10.5 W	13.4 W	71 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
	40 %	24 V	0.583 A	14.0 W	17.0 W	85 mA	75 °C	-25 +60 °C
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	50 %	24 V	0.729 A	17.5 W	20.7 W	99 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	60 %	24 V	0.875 A	21.0 W	24.5 W	114 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
	70 %	24 V	1.021 A	24.5 W	28.3 W	130 mA	80 °C	-25 +60 °C
	80 %	24 V	1.167 A	28.0 W	32.0 W	145 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C
	90 %	24 V	1.313 A	31.5 W	35.7 W	161 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C
	100 %	24 V	1.453 A	35.0 W	39.4 W	176 mA	75 °C	-25 +50 °C

[®] Valid at 100 % dimming level.

[©] Depending on the DALI traffic at the interface.

1.1 Glow wire test

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384 EN 61547 EN 62386-101 (according to DALI standard V2) EN 62386-102 EN 62386-207 According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

Expected lifetime

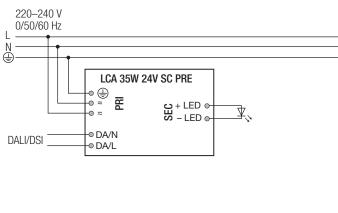
Туре	Output load	ta	30 °C	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
	35 – 26 W	tc	60 °C	65 ℃	75 °C	-
	35 - 20 W	Life-time	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	55,000 h	-
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	25 – 16 W	tc	-	60 ℃	70 °C	80 °C
	25 - 10 W	Life-time	-	> 100,000 h	95,000 h	55,000 h
	. 15	tc	-	60 ℃	65 °C	75 °C
	≤ 15 W	Life-time	-	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	65,000 h

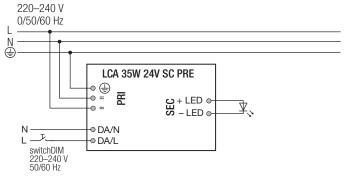
The LED control gear is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram

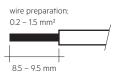




3.2 Wiring type and cross section

Mains supply wires

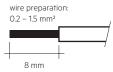
The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid from 0.2 - 1.5 mm². For perfect function of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250) the strip length should be 8.5 - 9.5 mm.



Secondary wires (LED module)

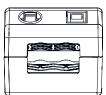
The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid from 0.2 – 1.5 mm² (24AWG – 16AWG).

For perfect function of the push-wire terminals (Phoenix SPTAF 1/4-5,0-IL) the strip length should be 8 mm.

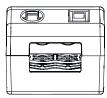


according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

Secondary strain relief for cables with bigger cable sheath

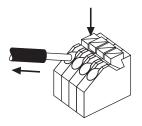


Secondary strain relief for cable with smaller cable sheath



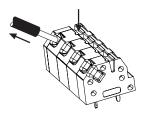
3.3 Loose wiring





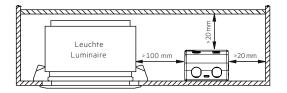
Release of the wiring Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

Secondary wires (LED module)



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- · Secondary switching is not permitted.
- The LED Driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED Driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is not supported due to residual output voltage of > 0 V. If a LED load is connected the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

This can be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

3.7 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via earth terminal. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following

behaviour:

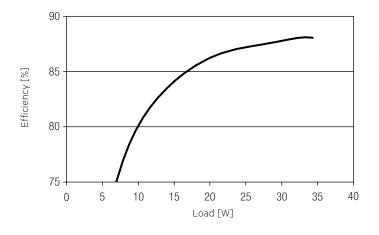
- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at standby
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

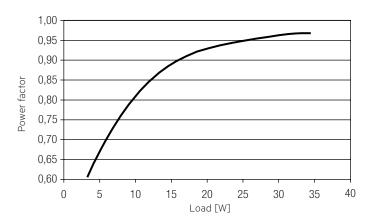
LED Driver Constant voltage

4. Electrical values

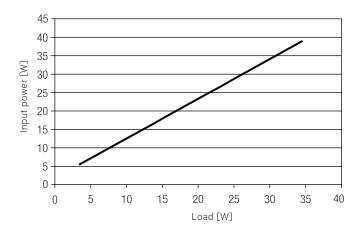
4.1 Efficiency vs. load

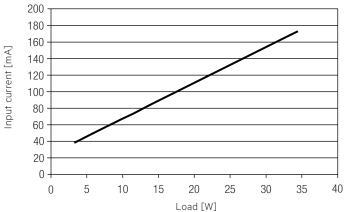


4.2 Power factor vs. Load



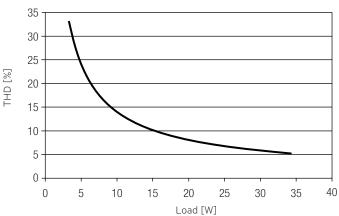








4.4 Input current vs. Load



4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	4 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	4 mm ²	l max	time
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	27	37	47	60	16	22	28	36	21.6 A	136 µs

Typical values for MCB from ABB series S200 as reference.

Actual values can differ due to used MCB types and installation environment.

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCA 35W 24V one4all SC PRE	6	6	1	2	2	1

4.8 Dimming

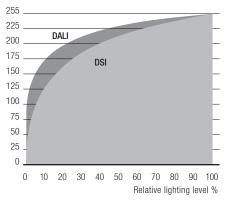
Dimming range 1% to 100% Digital control with:

- DSI signal: 8 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 1.4 s
- DALI signal: 16 bit Manchester Code Speed 1% to 100% in 0.2 s Programmable parameter: Minimum dimming level Maximum dimming level Default minimum = 1% Programmable range 1% \leq MIN \leq 100% Default maximum = 100% Programmable range 100% \geq MAX \geq 1%

Dimming is realized by PWM frequency.

4.9 Dimming characteristics

Digital dimming value



Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

5. Interfaces / communication

5.1 Control input (DA/N, DA/L)

Digital DALI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (DA/N and DA/L).

The control input is non-polar for digital control signals (DALI, DSI). The control signal is not SELV. Control cable has to be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations. Different functions depending on each module.

5.2 switchDIM

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a pushbutton for dimming and switching.

Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches LED control gear ON and OFF. The dimm level is saved at power-down and restored at power-up.

When the pushbutton is held, LED modules are dimmed. After repush the LED modules are dimmed in the opposite direction.

In installations with LED control gears with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all LED control gears can be synchronized to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push. Use of pushbutton with indicator lamp is not permitted.

5.3 Light level in DC operation

The LED Driver is designed for operation on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

Light output level in DC operation: programmable 1 – 100 % (EOFu = 0.13). Programming by DALI or ready2mains. In DC operation dimming mode can be activated.

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for: AC: < 32 mA DC: < 21 mA

6. Functions

6.1 ready2mains - configuration

The ready2mains interface can be used to configure the main parameters of LED Drivers via the mains wiring, such as CLO and DC level. These parameters can be adjusted either via ready2mains-capable configuration software or directly via the ready2mains programmer.

6.2 ready2mains – dimming

ready2mains allows for mains-based group dimming, controlled via the ready2mains protocol and appropriate dimming interfaces.

For details on the operation of ready2mains and its components see the relevant technical information.

6.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short-circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again. The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

Open circuit lamp failure is not recognized.

6.4 Overload protection

If the max. output current or the max. output power is exceeded the LED Driver turns off the LED output. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again.

The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface (DALI, DSI, switchDIM, ready2mains).

6.5 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED Driver will be dimmed. The temperature protection is activated approx. +5 °C above tc max (see page 2). On DC operation this function is deactivated to fulfill emergency requirements.

6.6 corridorFUNCTION

The corridorFUNCTION can be programmed in two different ways. To program the corridorFUNCTION by means of software a DALI-USB interface is needed in combination with a DALI PS. The software can be the masterCONFIGURATOR.

To activate the corridorFUNCTION without using software a voltage of 230 V has to be applied for five minutes at the switchDIM connection. The unit will then switch automatically to the corridorFUNCTION.

Note:

If the corridorFUNCTION is wrongly activated in a switchDIM system (for example a switch is used instead of pushbutton), there is the option of installing a pushbutton and deactivating the corridorFUNCTION mode by five short pushes of the button within three seconds.

switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION are very simple tools for controlling gears with conventional pushbuttons or motion sensors.

To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings. Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION.

6.7 Constant light output (CLO)

The luminous flux of an LED decreases constantly over the life-time. The CLO function ensures that the emitted luminous flux remains stable. For that purpose the LED current will increase continuously over the LED life-time. In masterCONFIGURATOR it is possible to select a start value (in percent) and an expected life-time. The LED Driver adjusts the PWM frequency afterwards automatically.

6.8 Power-up/-down fading

The power-up/-down function offers the opportunity to modify the on-/off behavior. The time for fading on or off can be adjusted in a range of 0.2 to 16 seconds. According to this value, the device dims either from 0 % up to the power-on level or from the current set dim level down to 0 %. This feature applies while operating via switchDIM, ready2mains and when switching the mains voltage on or off. By factory default no fading time is set (= 0 seconds).

6.9 Light level in DC operation

The LED Driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

Light output level in DC operation: programmable 1 – 100 % (EOFu = 0.13). Programming by DALI or ready2mains. In DC operation dimming mode can be activated.

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

6.10 Software / programming

With appropriate software and a interface different functions can be activated and various parameters can be configured in the LED Driver. To do so, a DALI-USB or ready2mains programmer and the software (masterCONFIGURATOR) are required.

6.11 masterCONFIGURATOR

From version 2.8:

For programming functions (CLO, power-up fading, corridorFUNCTION) and device settings (fade time, ePowerOnLevel, DC level, etc.). For further information see masterCONFIGURATOR manual.

6.12 deviceCONFIGURATOR

PC (windows) based software application to transfer parameters into our drivers.

Workflow optimised for the use in OEM production line. For further information see deviceCONFIGURATOR manual.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with $500 V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The isolation resistance must be at least $2 M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

7.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.